

$$\Rightarrow \begin{pmatrix} 1 & -\frac{z_1}{z_3} \\ 0 & \frac{1}{z_3} \end{pmatrix} \begin{pmatrix} 1 & 0 & z_1 & z_2 \\ 0 & 1 & z_3 & z_4 \end{pmatrix}$$

$$= \begin{pmatrix} 1 & -\frac{z_1}{z_3} & z_1 - z_1 & z_2 - \frac{z_1 z_4}{z_3} \\ 0 & \frac{1}{z_3} & 1 & \frac{z_4}{z_3} \end{pmatrix}$$

$$\Rightarrow \omega_1 = -\frac{z_1}{z_3}, \quad \omega_2 = z_2 - \frac{z_1 z_4}{z_3}$$

$$\omega_3 = \frac{1}{z_3}, \quad \omega_4 = \frac{z_4}{z_3}$$

$$U_{12} \times \mathbb{C}^4 \xrightarrow{\quad} U_{12} \times \mathbb{C}^4$$

$$\downarrow$$

$$S|_{U_{12}}$$

$$\downarrow$$

$$\xrightarrow{\quad}$$

$$U_{12} \times \mathbb{C}^2$$

$$(\Lambda, \psi) \longmapsto (\Lambda, {}^t(x_1, x_2))$$

In general,

$$U_{I'} \times \mathbb{C}^k \longleftarrow S|_{U_I \cap U_{I'}} \longrightarrow U_I \times \mathbb{C}^k$$

$$\downarrow$$

$$(\Lambda, {}^t(y_1, \dots, y_k)) \longleftarrow (\Lambda, \psi) \longmapsto (\Lambda, {}^t(x_1, x_2, \dots, x_k))$$

$$\text{Let } \Lambda^I = \begin{pmatrix} v_1 \\ \vdots \\ v_n \end{pmatrix} \text{ on } U_I$$

$$\Lambda^{I'} = \begin{pmatrix} v_1' \\ \vdots \\ v_n' \end{pmatrix} \text{ on } U_{I'}.$$