

Proof. Since  $\mathcal{E}'(-k)$  is locally free,  $\underline{\text{Ext}}_{\mathcal{O}}^1(\mathcal{E}'(-k), \cdot) = 0$ , and so the exact sequence of  $\underline{\text{Ext}}$ 's gives

$$0 \rightarrow \text{Hom}_{\mathcal{O}}(\mathcal{E}'(-k), \mathcal{R}) \rightarrow \text{Hom}_{\mathcal{O}}(\mathcal{E}'(-k), \mathcal{E}) \rightarrow \text{Hom}_{\mathcal{O}}(\mathcal{E}'(-k), \mathcal{F}) \rightarrow 0.$$

By P686,  $\text{Ext}_{\mathcal{O}}^q(M, N) = 0$  for a free  $M$ -module, and from the exact sequence

$$\text{Ext}_{\mathcal{O}}^1(\mathcal{E}'(-k), \mathcal{F}) \rightarrow \text{Hom}_{\mathcal{O}}(\mathcal{E}'(-k), \mathcal{R}) \rightarrow \text{Hom}_{\mathcal{O}}(\mathcal{E}'(-k), \mathcal{E}) \rightarrow \text{Hom}_{\mathcal{O}}(\mathcal{E}'(-k), \mathcal{F}) \rightarrow 0$$

" we get the sequence above.  $\Rightarrow$

By Theorem B,

$$H'(M, \text{Hom}_{\mathcal{O}}(\mathcal{E}'(-k), \mathcal{R})) = H'(M, \text{Hom}_{\mathcal{O}}(\mathcal{E}', \mathcal{R})(k)) = 0$$

for  $k \geq 0$ .

$$\begin{aligned} \Gamma \quad \text{Hom}_R(M_1 \otimes M_2, N) &\cong M_1^* \otimes M_2^* \otimes N = M_1^* \otimes N \otimes M_2^* \\ &= \text{Hom}_R(M_1, N) \otimes M_2^* \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned} \Rightarrow \quad \text{Hom}_{\mathcal{O}}(\mathcal{E}'(-k), \mathcal{R}_x) &= \text{Hom}_{\mathcal{O}}(\mathcal{E}'_x \otimes \mathcal{L}_x^{-k}, \mathcal{R}_x) \cong \mathcal{E}'_x^* \otimes \mathcal{L}_x^{-k*} \otimes \mathcal{R}_x \\ &= \mathcal{E}'_x^* \otimes \mathcal{R}_x \otimes \mathcal{L}_x^k = \text{Hom}_{\mathcal{O}}(\mathcal{E}'_x, \mathcal{R}_x) \otimes \mathcal{L}_x^k = (\text{Hom}_{\mathcal{O}}(\mathcal{E}', \mathcal{R}) \otimes \mathcal{L}^k)_x \\ &= \text{Hom}_{\mathcal{O}}(\mathcal{E}', \mathcal{R})(k)_x \end{aligned}$$

$$\Rightarrow \text{By Theorem B, on P 700, } H'(M, \text{Hom}_{\mathcal{O}}(\mathcal{E}'(-k), \mathcal{R})) =$$

$$H'(M, \text{Hom}_{\mathcal{O}}(\mathcal{E}', \mathcal{R})(k)) = 0. \quad \Rightarrow$$

Consequently, we obtain a surjection

$$H^0(M, \text{Hom}_{\mathcal{O}}(\mathcal{E}'(-k), \mathcal{E})) \rightarrow H^0(M, \text{Hom}_{\mathcal{O}}(\mathcal{E}'(-k), \mathcal{F})) \rightarrow 0.$$

Q.E.D.