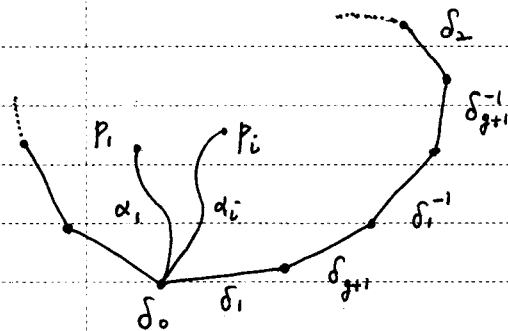


on one rather pretty result that is similarly obtained.

Theorem (Weil). Let  $f, g$  be meromorphic functions on the compact Riemann surface  $S$ , with  $(f)$  disjoint from  $(g)$ . Then

$$\prod_{P \in S} f(P)^{\text{ord}_P(g)} = \prod_{P \in S} g(P)^{\text{ord}_P(f)}.$$

Proof. Let  $\delta_1, \delta_2, \dots, \delta_{2g}$  and  $\Delta$  be as above. Let  $\{P_i\}$  denote the support of  $(f)$ ,  $\{Q_i\}$  the support of  $(g)$ , and draw smooth arcs  $\alpha_i$  from  $s_0$  to  $P_i$  disjoint except for their common base point  $s_0$  and not containing any of the points  $\{Q_i\}$ . Let  $\Delta'$  be the complement of the arcs  $\alpha_i$  in  $\Delta$ ;  $\Delta'$  can again be considered as a polygon with sides  $\dots, \delta_i, \delta_{g+i}, \delta_i^{-1}, \delta_{g+i}^{-1}, \dots, \alpha_i, \alpha_i^{-1}, \dots$  as drawn in Figure 5.



Since  $\Delta'$  is simply connected and  $f$  is nonzero holomorphic in  $\Delta'$ , we can choose a single branch of the function  $\log f$  in  $\Delta'$ ; we consider the meromorphic differential

$$\varphi = \log f \cdot d \log g = \log f \cdot \frac{dg}{g} \quad \text{in } \Delta'.$$

By P.85, Silverman, a branch of  $\log z$  is defined to

