

$\mathbb{F} f: M \longrightarrow N$ C^∞ -injective. one to one. (immersion)

Let $v_1 \dots v_n$ be a unitary frame for TN .
 " $\varphi_1 \dots \varphi_n$ " its dual " T^*N .

Define a metric on M s.t $\langle\langle u_1, u_2 \rangle\rangle_M = \langle\langle f_* u_1, f_* u_2 \rangle\rangle_N$.
 Choose $\{\omega_i\}$ s.t $f_* \omega_i = v_i$, $\omega_i \in TM$,

$$\Rightarrow \langle\langle \omega_i, \omega_j \rangle\rangle_M = \langle\langle v_i, v_j \rangle\rangle_N = \delta_{ij}$$

$$\Rightarrow f^* \varphi_i(\omega_j) = \langle\langle \omega_j, \omega_i \rangle\rangle_M$$

$$\Rightarrow f^* \varphi_i(\omega_j) = a_{ji}$$

$$\varphi_i(f_* \omega_j) = \varphi_i(v_j) = \delta_{ij} = a_{ji}$$

$$a_{ji} = 1 \quad \text{if } j = i$$

$$a_{ji} = 0 \quad \text{if } i \neq j$$

$$\Rightarrow f^* \varphi_j \longleftrightarrow \omega_j$$

$$\Rightarrow \langle\langle f^* \varphi_i, f^* \varphi_j \rangle\rangle_M = \langle\langle \omega_i, \omega_j \rangle\rangle_M = \delta_{ij}$$

$$\Rightarrow \{f^* \varphi_i\} \text{ orthonormal frame for } T^*M.$$

$$\Rightarrow \wedge f^* \varphi_i \text{ is a volume form for } M. \quad \cup$$

$$\mathbb{F} \quad \begin{array}{ccc} H^2(\mathbb{P}^n) & \xrightarrow{\bar{i}^*} & H^2(M) \\ \downarrow \omega & \searrow \bar{i}^* \omega & \\ M & \xrightarrow{\bar{i}} & \mathbb{P}^n \end{array}$$

$$\text{where } M \xrightarrow{\bar{i}} \mathbb{P}^n$$

$$\int_M \bar{i}^* \omega = \int_M \omega$$

Let σ be a 2-cycle in M . i.e $\sigma \in H_2(M)$

$$\int_\sigma \bar{i}^* \omega = \int_\sigma \omega = \#(H \cdot \sigma) = \#(H \cap M \cdot \sigma)$$

$$\Rightarrow \bar{i}^* \omega = \omega|_M \text{ is Poincaré dual to } H \cap M = V \subset M. \quad \cup$$

$$\mathbb{F} \quad \sigma \in H_k(M), \quad \tau \in H_\ell(M) \quad \Rightarrow \quad \sigma \cap \tau \in H_{k+\ell-n}(M)$$

$$\eta_\sigma \in H_{\text{DR}}^{n-k}(M) \quad \eta_\tau \in H_{\text{DR}}^{n-\ell}(M) \quad \text{Poincaré-duals of } \sigma, \tau$$

respectively, $n = \dim M$.

$$\Rightarrow \eta_\sigma \wedge \eta_\tau \in H_{\text{DR}}^{2n-(k+\ell)}(M).$$