

$$\Rightarrow C_1(E \otimes L) = [\text{trace } \Theta_{E \otimes L}]$$

$$= [\text{tr } \Theta_E + \text{tr } \Theta_L \cdot r] = C_1(E) + r C_1(L). \quad \square$$

4. Finally for now, if Θ is the curvature matrix of a connection in a complex vector bundle E , then the dual connection in E^* has curvature matrix $-\Theta$; thus

$$C_r(E^*) = (-1)^r C_r(E).$$

$$\begin{aligned} \mathbb{F} \quad d e_i^*(e_j) &= (D^* e_i^*)(e_j) + e_i^*(D e_j) = 0 \\ &= \theta_{i\kappa}^* e_\kappa^*(e_j) + e_i^*(\theta_{jk} e_k) \\ &= \theta_{ij}^* + \theta_{ji} \end{aligned}$$

$$\Rightarrow \theta_{ji} = -\theta_{ij}^* \quad \Rightarrow \quad \theta_{ij}^* = -({}^t \theta)_{ij}$$

$$\begin{aligned} \Rightarrow \Theta^* &= d\theta^* - \theta^* \wedge \theta^* = -d({}^t \theta) - {}^t \theta \wedge {}^t \theta \\ &= -{}^t(d\theta) + {}^t(\theta \wedge \theta) = -{}^t(d\theta - \theta \wedge \theta) = -{}^t \Theta. \end{aligned}$$

$$\Rightarrow C_r(E^*) = (-1)^r C_r(E) \quad \square$$

We can use the Whitney product formula to evaluate the Chern classes $C_i(\mathbb{P}^n)$ of projective space, as follows. Let $\pi: \mathbb{C}^{n+1} - \{0\} \longrightarrow \mathbb{P}^n$ be the standard projection map; let X_0, \dots, X_n be linear coordinates on \mathbb{C}^{n+1} and

$$x_i = X_i/X_0, \quad i=1, 2, \dots, n$$

corresponding affine coordinates on \mathbb{P}^n . Then we have

$$\pi^* d x_i = \frac{X_0 \cdot d X_i - X_i \cdot d X_0}{X_0^2},$$

and so, at a point $X \in \mathbb{C}^{n+1}$, the image under π of the