$$''E_2^{p,q} = H^p(M, \underline{Ext}^q_{\mathcal{O}}(\mathcal{O}_Z, \Omega^n))$$
$$= 0, \quad \text{unless} \quad p=0 \text{ and } q=n.$$

$\ulcorner$ By p706, & p446, here we put $'E_2^{p,q}$ (on p446 & p706) $= {''E}_2^{p,q}$ (on p710).

$\Rightarrow$ By p680 & p706. $\underline{Ext}^q_{\mathcal{O}}(\mathcal{O}_Z, \Omega^n) = 0$ for $q<n$.
Obviously $\underline{Ext}^q_{\mathcal{O}}(\mathcal{O}_Z, \Omega^n) = 0$ for $q>n$, since

$$0 \to E_n \to \cdots \qquad \to \mathcal{O} \to \mathcal{O}_Z \to 0$$

$$\Rightarrow \underline{Ext}^n_{\mathcal{O}}(\mathcal{O}_Z, \Omega^n) = \bigoplus_{p\in Z} \underline{Ext}^n_{\mathcal{O}_p}(\mathcal{O}_{Z,p}, \Omega^n_p).$$

If $p>0$, $H^q(M, \underline{Ext}^n_{\mathcal{O}}(\mathcal{O}_Z, \Omega^n)) = 0$ by p707 $\lrcorner$

The other spectral sequence has

$$'E_1^{p,q} = H^q(M, \Omega^{n-p}).$$

$\ulcorner$ $''F^pC^{p+q} = C^{q,p} \oplus C^{q+1,p+1} \oplus \cdots$

$C^p(\underline{U}, Hom(E_q(\mathcal{O}_Z), \Omega^n)) = C^{p,q} \qquad C^n = \bigoplus_{p+q=n} C^{p,q}$

$$''E_0^{p,q} \xrightarrow{d_0} {''E}_0^{p,q+1}$$

$$\frac{''F^pC^{p+q}}{''F^{p+1}C^{p+q}} = C^{q,p} \xrightarrow{\delta} \frac{''F^pC^{p+q+1}}{''F^{p+1}C^{p+q+1}} = C^{q+1,p}$$

$$\Rightarrow \quad ''E_1^{p,q} = \frac{\ker\delta}{\operatorname{Im}\delta} = H^q(\underline{U}, Hom(E_p(\mathcal{O}_Z), \Omega^n))$$
$$\cong H^q(\underline{U}, \Omega^{n-p})$$

(with $E_p(\mathcal{O}_Z) = \Omega^p$)

$\Rightarrow$ $''E_1^{p,q} \cong H^q(M, \Omega^{n-p})$. By the change of notation,
$'E_1^{p,q} \cong H^q(M, \Omega^{n-p})$. $\lrcorner$