

I think $f(W) = f(S \cap W)$ is not correct.

For example, $f: \mathbb{C}^2 \rightarrow \mathbb{C}$ be a function defined by $f(z_1, z_2) = z_1 + z_2^2$.

$$\Rightarrow \left(\frac{\partial f}{\partial z_1}, \frac{\partial f}{\partial z_2} \right) = (1, 2z_2). \quad \text{Consider } \left(\frac{\partial f}{\partial z_1}, \frac{\partial f}{\partial z_2} \right) \Big|_{(0,0)}$$

$$= (1, 0). \Rightarrow \text{rank}(f_*|_{\mathbb{C} \times \{0\}}) = \text{rank}(f_*).$$

But \exists no ^{bounded} open set $W \ni (0,0)$ s.t. $f(W) = f(W \cap \mathbb{C} \times \{0\})$, except $W = \mathbb{C}^2$, W

Wrong Again.

Since we can choose a coordinate chart $U \ni p$ s.t

$$\begin{array}{ccc} U & \xrightarrow{\varphi} & \mathbb{C}^n \\ \downarrow \varphi| & & \uparrow \\ U \cap S & \xrightarrow{\quad} & \mathbb{C}^k \end{array}$$

we may assume that

Jacobian of $f: \mathbb{C}^n \rightarrow \mathbb{C}^N$ has maximum rank k at 0 .

and $f|_{\mathbb{C}^k} \rightarrow \mathbb{C}^N$ has rank k too.

Since $N \geq k$, we can divide into two cases

(i) $N = k$

Consider $f|_{\mathbb{C}^k} \rightarrow \mathbb{C}^N$

\Rightarrow At the origin, Jacobian of f is nonsingular.

\Rightarrow By the inverse function theorem, \exists open set V_1, V_2 s.t. $f: V_1 \rightarrow V_2$ is biholomorphic.