

By the definition of locally finite, \exists an open cover $\{U_\alpha\}$ of M s.t. each U_α intersects only finite # of V_i 's appearing in D .

For a fixed open set U_α , suppose that $V_1, V_2 \dots V_k$ are the members of V_i 's meeting with U_α .

Since V_i is closed in M , \exists an open cover $\{W_{\beta,i}\}$ of M s.t. $V_i \cap W_{\beta,i}$ has a local defining function.

$\Rightarrow \{U_\alpha \cap W_{\beta,i}\}$ is an open covering of U_α and each of them has a local defining function.

We can do the above process to $V_2, V_3 \dots V_k$.

Consider $\{U_\alpha \cap W_{\beta,1} \cap W_{\beta,2} \cap \dots \cap W_{\beta,k}\}$

\Rightarrow It is an open covering of U_α and each open set has a local defining function.

Now if we vary α , we get an open cover $\{O_\alpha\}$ s.t. in each O_α , every V_i appearing in D has a local defining function $g_{i\alpha} \in \mathcal{O}(U_\alpha)$. \cup

We can then set $f_\alpha = \prod_i g_{i\alpha}^{a_i} \in M^*(U_\alpha)$ to obtain a global section of M^*/\mathcal{O}^* .

$$\prod \frac{f_\alpha}{f_\beta} = \frac{\prod_i g_{i\alpha}^{a_i}}{\prod_i g_{i\beta}^{a_i}} \Rightarrow \text{For each } i, g_{i\alpha} \in \mathcal{O}(U_\alpha) \text{ and } g_{i\beta} \in \mathcal{O}(U_\beta),$$

since a local defining function is unique up to multiplication by a non-zero at any point $p \in U_\alpha \cap U_\beta$, by the second sheaf property, $\frac{g_{i\alpha}}{g_{i\beta}}|_{U_\alpha \cap U_\beta}$ is non-zero.

$$\Rightarrow \frac{g_{i\alpha}}{g_{i\beta}}|_{U_\alpha \cap U_\beta} \in \mathcal{O}^*(U_\alpha \cap U_\beta) \Rightarrow \frac{f_\alpha}{f_\beta} \in \mathcal{O}^*(U_\alpha \cap U_\beta) \quad \cup$$