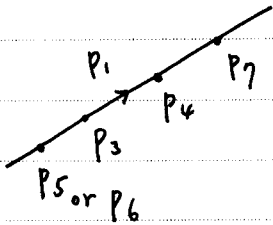


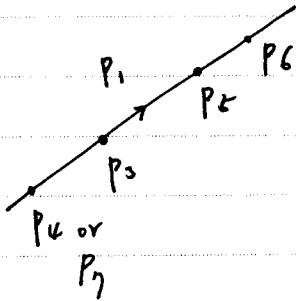
(iii) L_{13} contains none of the points P_4, \dots, P_7 .

Consider $L_{23} + L_{45} + L_{56} \ni P_i \in L_{23} + L_{57} + L_{46}$

(a) $P_i \in L_{45}$ and $P_i \in L_{57}$ or L_{46} .



(b) $P_i \in L_{56}$ and $P_i \in L_{57}$ or L_{46}



(c) P_1 infinitely near P_2 , and P_3 infinitely near P_2 .

First, we want to show that

(i) Any seven points $P_1, P_2, P_3, P_4, P_5, P_6, P_7$ with P_1 infinitely near P_2 and P_3 infinitely near P_4 , impose independent conditions on cubics unless five are collinear.

(ii) Any seven points $P_1, P_2, P_4, P_5, P_6, P_7, P_8$ with P_1 infinitely near P_2 , impose independent conditions on cubics unless five are collinear. (or P_3, P_4, P_2, \dots)

(ii) is proved in ①.

Once we prove (i), we can finish proof as follows: