

By the exact sequence of cohomology,

$$H^q(M, \ker(\alpha)(k)) \rightarrow H^q(M, \mathcal{E}_0(k)) \rightarrow H^q(M, \mathcal{F}(k)) \rightarrow$$

$$H^{q+1}(M, \ker(\alpha)(k)) \rightarrow$$

$$\Rightarrow \text{For } k \text{ large enough, } H^q(M, \ker(\alpha)(k)) = H^{q+1}(M, \ker(\alpha)(k)) \\ = H^q(M, \mathcal{E}_0(k)) = 0 \text{ for } q > 0.$$

$$\Rightarrow H^q(M, \mathcal{F}(k)) = 0. \quad \text{Refer to P 697, the proof. } \square$$

Proof of 2. For each $x_0 \in M$, we have

$$0 \rightarrow m_{x_0} \mathcal{F}(k) \rightarrow \mathcal{F}(k) \rightarrow \mathcal{F}(k)_{x_0} / m_{x_0} \mathcal{F}(k) \rightarrow 0,$$

where $m_{x_0} \subset \mathcal{O}$ is the sheaf of ideals given by the maximal ideal m_{x_0} at x_0 . The fiber $\mathcal{F}(k)_{x_0} / m_{x_0} \mathcal{F}(k)$ is an example of a coherent sheaf supported at a point - these are sometimes called skyscraper sheaves.

$$\Gamma(\mathcal{F}(k)_{x_0} / m_{x_0} \mathcal{F}(k))_x = \begin{cases} \mathcal{F}(k)_{x_0} / m_{x_0} \mathcal{F}(k) & \text{if } x = x_0 \\ 0 & \text{otherwise} \end{cases}$$

$$\text{Support}(\mathcal{F}(k)_{x_0} / m_{x_0} \mathcal{F}(k)) = \{x_0\}.$$

See the def of support.

$$\mathbb{Z} = \{z \in M : I_z \neq \mathcal{O}_z\} = \{z \in M : (\mathcal{O}/I)_z \neq 0\}$$

\mathcal{F}_x is a coherent sheaf, for

$$\mathcal{O}^{(q)} \rightarrow \mathcal{O}^{(p)} \xrightarrow{\quad} \mathcal{F}_{x_0} \rightarrow 0$$

$\downarrow \text{onto}$ $\nearrow \mathcal{F}_{x_0} \text{ onto}$