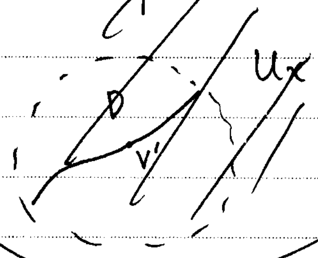
$\Rightarrow$ If $D = \sum a_i D_i$, D_i irreducible hypersurface, then $f_*(D) = \sum a_i \overline{f(D_i - V)}$. We have to check that $\overline{f(D_i - V)}$ is analytic. See P791 Note

~~According to P784 note,~~
~~$f : M - V' \longrightarrow N$ is one to one and holomorphic, where V' is a subvariety of M of codim ≥ 2.~~
~~$\Rightarrow$ $D - V'$ is a subvariety of $M - V'$~~
~~$\Rightarrow$ Since f is locally biholomorphic, for each $x \in D - V'$, $\exists$ an open set $U_x \subset M - V'$ s.t. $U_x \cong \Delta$ poly disc~~



As in the note on P784, we have

$$M - V \xrightarrow{f} N \xrightarrow{g} M - V \qquad g \circ f = id$$
$$N - W \xrightarrow{g} M \xrightarrow{f} N - W \qquad f \circ g = id$$

$\Rightarrow$ Since $\dim M = \dim N$, and f is one to one and holomorphic on $M - V$, $M - V \xrightarrow{f} f(M-V)$ is biholomorphic.
$\Rightarrow$ $f(M-V) \cap W$ is of codimension ≥ 2, since $\operatorname{cod} W \geq 2$, and $f(M-V)$ is open, dense in N.