

Specializing still further, let M be a complex manifold of dimension n , $E = T'(M) \rightarrow M$ its holomorphic tangent bundle and v a C^∞ section of E having nondegenerate zeros at $p_\nu \in M$. Let $z = (z_1, \dots, z_n)$ be local holomorphic coordinates centered around p_ν , and write

$$z_i = x_{2i-1} + \sqrt{-1} x_{2i}$$

so that $x = (x_1, \dots, x_{2n})$ is an oriented real coordinate system for M near p_ν . Then, if

$$v(z) = \sum (a_{jk}^\nu + \sqrt{-1} b_{jk}^\nu) z_j \frac{\partial}{\partial z_k} + [\omega]$$

and if $A_{p_\nu} = (A^\nu, B^\nu)$ as above, we have

$$C_n(M) = \sum (-1)^{n(n-1)/2} \operatorname{sgn} \det(A_{p_\nu}).$$

Now let

$$v'(z) = \frac{1}{2} (v(z) + \overline{v(z)})$$

be the real vector field obtained from v by the real projection $T'(M) \rightarrow T_R(M)$.

$$\Gamma \quad T_R(M) = \mathbb{R} \left\{ \frac{\partial}{\partial x_{2i-1}}, \frac{\partial}{\partial x_{2i}} \right\}$$

$$\begin{array}{ccc} T'(M) & \longrightarrow & T_R(M) \\ \downarrow & & \downarrow \\ \frac{\partial}{\partial z_i} & \longmapsto & \frac{1}{2} \frac{\partial}{\partial x_{2i-1}} \\ \parallel & & \\ \frac{1}{2} \left(\frac{\partial}{\partial x_{2i-1}} + (-\sqrt{-1}) \frac{\partial}{\partial x_{2i}} \right) & & \end{array}$$

\Downarrow

Then

$$\begin{aligned} v'(z) &= \frac{1}{2} \sum (a_{jk}^\nu + \sqrt{-1} b_{jk}^\nu) z_j \cdot \left(\frac{\partial}{\partial x_{2k-1}} - \sqrt{-1} \frac{\partial}{\partial x_{2k}} \right) \\ &+ \frac{1}{2} \sum (a_{jk}^\nu - \sqrt{-1} b_{jk}^\nu) \bar{z}_j \cdot \left(\frac{\partial}{\partial x_{2k-1}} + \sqrt{-1} \frac{\partial}{\partial x_{2k}} \right) + [\omega] \end{aligned}$$