

cuts out on  $C$  a linear system of degree 4 without base points. Not clear !!!

Let  $m$  be the # of tangent points of  $C'$  &  $C$ , counting multiplicity.  $\Rightarrow m$  is the # of branch points of  $C'$ .

①  $m = 1$

By Bertini's theorem, for generic line  $l \ni C'$ ,  $\text{mult}_{C'}(l, V_C) = 1$ , and  $\text{mult}_{C'}(V_C) = 1$  which implies that  $C'$  is a smooth point of  $V_C$ . See P250 for another proof.

②  $m = 2$

Again, by Bertini's theorem,  $\text{mult}_{C'}(V_C) = 2$ .

Otherwise,

(i)  $\text{mult}_{C'}(V_C) = 1$ .

$\Rightarrow \exists l \subset W$  s.t.  $V_C \cap l$  is a set of 6 distinct points, which is a smooth manifold.

$\Rightarrow$  Counting the # of branch points of the covering map induced by  $l$ , we get  $\# > 6$ , since  $m=2$  and

$\exists$  five more branch points.

(ii)  $\text{mult}_{C'}(V_C) = 3$ .

Again,  $\exists$  generic line  $l \subset W$  s.t.

$V_C \cap l - C'$  is a set of 3 distinct points, which are smooth points of  $V_C$ .

By the argument ① ( $m=1$ ) above, the # of