

$$J = \{ (L, z) \in \mathbb{P}^n \times \mathbb{C}^{n+1} \mid z \in L \}$$

We may define a meromorphic section $e_0: \mathbb{P}^n \longrightarrow J$ by

$$e_0(z) = (1, \frac{z_1}{z_0}, \dots, \frac{z_n}{z_0}) \text{ over } U_0 = (z_0 \neq 0).$$

$\Rightarrow e_0$ is nonvanishing section over U_0 .

Likewise, we can define $e_i: U_i = (z_i \neq 0) \longrightarrow J|_{U_i}$ by

$$e_i(z) = \left(\frac{z_0}{z_i}, \frac{z_1}{z_i}, \dots, \frac{z_{i-1}}{z_i}, 1, \frac{z_{i+1}}{z_i}, \dots, \frac{z_n}{z_i} \right)$$

\Rightarrow Consider the trivializations by using e_i 's, i.e.

$$\begin{array}{ccc} U_i \times \mathbb{C} & \xrightarrow{\varphi_{U_i}^{-1}} & J|_{U_i} \\ ([z], \alpha) & \longmapsto & \alpha e_i \\ \downarrow & \swarrow & \\ & U_i & \end{array}$$

Consider the collections of meromorphic functions $\{ (U_i, f_i) \}$ s.t

$$\begin{array}{ccc} U_i & \xrightarrow{f_i} & \mathbb{C} \\ \downarrow & \longmapsto & \\ [z] & \longmapsto & \frac{z_i}{z_0} \end{array} \quad \text{for } i \neq 0.$$

$$\begin{array}{ccc} U_0 & \xrightarrow{f_0} & \mathbb{C} \\ \downarrow & \longmapsto & \\ [z] & \longmapsto & 1 \end{array}$$