

Consider the following

$$K(\varphi) = \int_V k(z, w) \wedge \varphi(w).$$

$\Rightarrow K(\varphi)(z)$  is well-defined since  $k(z, w)$  is locally integrable &  $\varphi$  is bounded on the compact set  $\overline{V}$ .

$\Rightarrow$  For a test form  $\psi \in A_c^{n, n-q}(V)$ ,

$$\begin{aligned} & \lim_{\epsilon \rightarrow 0} \int_{\mathbb{C}^n \times \mathbb{C}^n - \Delta_\epsilon} d(\psi(z) \wedge k(z, w) \wedge \varphi(w)) \\ &= \int_{\mathbb{C}^n \times \mathbb{C}^n} \bar{\partial} \psi(z) \wedge k(z, w) \wedge \varphi(w) + (-1)^{q+1} \int_{\mathbb{C}^n \times \mathbb{C}^n} \psi(z) \wedge k(z, w) \wedge \bar{\partial} \varphi(w) \\ &= \int_{\mathbb{C}^n} \psi(z) \wedge \int_{\|w-z\|=\epsilon} k(z, w) \wedge \varphi(w) \end{aligned}$$

If we let  $L = \text{supp } \psi$ , for  $\epsilon$  sufficiently small,  
 $\{w : \|w-z\|=\epsilon\} \subset V$ .

$\Rightarrow$  We get

$$\bar{\partial} K_\varphi + (-1)^q K_\varphi \bar{\partial} = T_\varphi.$$

$$\Rightarrow K(\bar{\partial} \varphi)(z) + \bar{\partial} K(\varphi)(z) = \varphi(z) \quad \text{for } z \in V$$

by using the same argument on p. 121.

$$\Rightarrow \text{Since } \bar{\partial} \varphi = 0, \quad \varphi(z) = \bar{\partial} K(\varphi)(z). \quad \square$$

Now, suppose we say that a current  $T \in \mathcal{D}'^{q,q}(\mathbb{C}^n)$  is compactly supported if, for some relatively compact open set  $U \subset \mathbb{C}^n$ ,  $T(\varphi) = 0$  whenever  $\text{supp } \varphi \subset \mathbb{C}^n - U$ .